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# Data Protection

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# Today's focus

- Briefing on the new law
- Identify the practical impact on you
- Design your GDPR compliance programme

# GDPR background

- What is it?
- Why is it coming in?
- What about Brexit?

# What is it?

- Probably the most lobbied piece of EU law ever
- Replaces the Data Protection Directive 1995 (DPD)
- Will be enforced in Member States from 25 May 2018
- EU Member State laws implementing the DPD will no longer apply
- Creates a “level-ish” playing field across EU
- What is the Data Protection Bill?

# Why is it coming in?

Developments since 1995

- Legal
  - Case law
  - Regulatory triple whammy
- Technological
- Societal

# Who has to comply?

- Controller or processor established in one or more Member State
- Controller or processor established outside the EU and either
  - offering goods and services to individuals in the EU or
  - monitoring the behaviour of individuals taking place in the EU

# What about Brexit?

- GDPR and the new Data Protection Act will apply from May 2018 After Brexit
  - New Data Protection Act will apply
  - GDPR will apply to many UK organisations due to extra-territorial scope
  - GDPR will be swept up by the EU (Withdrawal) Bill 2017
  - Government wishes to *"maintain the stability of data transfer between EU Member States and the UK"*

# Key issues

- Scope
- Key players
  - Data subject
  - Controller
  - Processor
  - Supervisory authorities
- What are personal data?
- What are special categories of data?

# Key issues

- Principles and accountability
  - Lawful basis for processing
  - Transparency
  - Responsibilities of controller and processors
  - International transfers
  - Rights of data subjects
  - Breach notification
  - Enforcement and compensation
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# Accountability

- Compliant policies and procedures
- Records of processing
- DPO appointment
  - Mandatory/voluntary
- Privacy by design/by default
- Data privacy impact assessments

# Principles

- Principles
  - Lawfulness, fairness and transparency
  - Purpose limitation
  - Data minimisation
  - Accuracy
  - Storage limitation
  - Integrity and confidentiality

# Lawful basis for processing

- Consent
- Necessary for the performance of a contract
- Necessary for legal obligation
- Necessary to protect vital interests
- Task carried out in the public interest
- Legitimate interests

# Lawful basis for processing special categories

- Explicit consent
  - Obligations and rights in employment, social security and social protection
  - Vital interests
  - Manifestly made public
  - Legal claims and courts
  - Substantial public interest
  - Medicine
  - Public health
  - Archiving
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# Consent and explicit consent

- Consent

*Any freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous indication of the data subject's wishes by which he or she, by a statement or by a clear affirmative action, signifies agreement to the processing of personal data relating to him or her*

- Explicit consent

- Re-papering consents - recital 171

- Article 29 WP guidance

# Individual rights

- Information
  - Subject access
  - Rectification
  - Erasure (Right to be forgotten)
  - Portability
  - Objecting
  - Compensation
  - Profiling
  - Restriction
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# Right to information - transparency

- Where personal data collected from data subject
- Where personal data have not been obtained from data subject

# Marketing

- Lawful basis
  - Consent
  - Legitimate interest
- Re-using lists
- Third party marketing
- Privacy and Electronic Communications Regulations 2003
- Draft e-Privacy Regulation

# Breach notification

- Personal data breach
- Controller breach notification
  - Supervisory Authorities
  - Affected individuals
- Processor breach notification
  - Controller

# Sanctions for non-compliance

- Supervisory Authorities
  - Investigative powers
  - Corrective powers
- Penalties
  - 2% global turnover or €10m
  - 4% global turnover or €20m
- Compensation

# Turning the law into practice

- Map the law to your processing
- Identify key data processing
- Identify high-risk processing
- Identify gaps
- Mitigate the risks

# The team

- Board oversight
- Legal
- Compliance
- IT
- HR
- Marketing
- Project management
- External advisers

# The plan

- Initiation
  - Awareness
  - Buy-in
  - Budget
- Assessment
  - Mapping
  - Gap analysis
- Remedy

# Data mapping

- Review and record in writing all processing activities
- Record international transfers and mechanism

# Data mapping

- The 5 Ws
  - Why is personal data processed?
  - Whose personal data is processed?
  - What personal data is processed?
  - When is personal data processed?
  - Where is personal data processed?
- Questionnaire
- Produce a risk based report

# Secure data and information

- Assess security risk
- Update information security and policy
- Maintain security measures

# Third party relationships

- Assess third party relationships
  - Group
  - Customers
  - Partners
  - Processors
- Appropriate contracts and controls
- Undertake due diligence and audits

# Compliance culture

- Board level issue
- Accountability
- Training and awareness

# How Browne Jacobson is supporting clients?

- End to end GDPR reviews
- Scoped assistance
- Menu service
- Ad hoc adviser
- Steering group member

# Thank you

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